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THE TIMES-DISPATCH, Richmond, Va.

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1904.

The Times-Dispatch takes the full Associated Press Service, the London Times War Service and the Hearst News General News Service and has its own correspondents throughout Virginia and North Carolina and in the leading cities of the country.

If you go to the mountains, seashore or country, have The Times-Dispatch go with you. City subscribers before leaving the city during the summer should notify their carrier or this office (Phone 38). If you write, give both out-of-town and city addresses.

The Loss of the Norge.

The wrecking of the Norge is the third great disaster in the last six months, and is, apparently, the one of all others in which there was the least culpable negligence. Of the Inuits, the Slocum and the Norge, the Slocum was undoubtedly the most wickedly negligent. How far Captain Gundell is responsible for the vessel being off its course is as yet undetermined, as Captain Gundell has not spoken on that point. It is well known, however, that at this period of the year the North Sea in the neighborhood of the Hebrides Islands is frequently exposed to severe fogs, and it may be that the vessel was by this means destroyed.

The New York Herald, in commenting on the accident, says:

"The catastrophe emphasizes the necessity for a change in the regular transatlantic route now followed by steamers running between Norway and the United States." The route at present follows is so far north as to make it perilous from ice floes in addition to the loneliness which a wrecked steamer has to endure. It would seem the part of wisdom for the Scandinavian line to come far enough south to get in the lanes of European travel, where it is hardly possible for any vessel to be left helpless for any length of time.

Rockall Island is a bare pinnacle about twenty-five feet high and about 20 feet in circumference, rising out of the Atlantic waves 187 miles northwest of St. Lida, in the Hebrides, and 200 miles from the nearest point on the Scottish mainland and 250 miles northwest from the nearest point on the Irish coast. There is neither soil upon it nor sandy beach around it, and the water close up to it is twenty to thirty fathoms deep. This bare rock is a pinnacle jutting up from a great submarine plateau, which has long been known as a dangerous reef. The scientists think that within comparatively recent times, measured geologically, the whole reef was exposed. It has, however, been under water for thousands of years. A wreck occurred there in 1898, and from that time several other vessels have foundered. The rock has only been scaled once or twice, and this has been done only in the calmest weather, for in ordinary North Atlantic weather the waves break over its peak.

There seems a strange fatality which would have brought one ship, a mere speck in the great waste of water, upon an almost invisible rock to the destruction of 700 souls.

Bovine Tuberculosis.
The Royal Commission appointed by Parliament in 1901 to investigate the causes and the prevention of tuberculosis have proceeded far enough in their experiments to demonstrate the error in Dr. Robert Koch's celebrated statement in 1901 that bovine tuberculosis could not be transmitted to human beings.

Before Dr. Koch wrote his much discussed paper, it was well known that cows were frequently afflicted with tuberculosis of the udder, and it seemed reasonable to believe that the milk would necessarily become filled with germs that would in turn infect the children that used this milk. Dr. Koch laid great stress upon the fact that if the children could be so infected it was very strange that the children of Berlin showed only a very small percentage of those infected with tuberculosis, while the percentage in London and Edinburgh was alarmingly large. Before answering this argument scientifically the commission undertook to decide three points by investigation. First, whether tuberculosis was the same in men and animals. Second, whether it was reciprocally transmissible—that is, if it is admitted that human tuberculosis could be transmitted

to cows, could the cows transmit their tuberculosis to human beings; and, thirdly, under what conditions is tuberculosis most readily transmitted, and how may its transmission be best prevented.

In commenting on these investigations Dr. Andrew Wilson says that the general result has been to show that the two diseases—human and bovine—are identical, and that, though it has been obviously impossible to determine by experiment whether tuberculosis can be absolutely given human beings by infected milk, yet the preponderance of evidence is strongly in its favor. Even though direct experiments cannot be made in laboratories by professors, they are frequently made by nature on unwilling subjects, and of the tubercular deaths which we undergo, a certain proportion of them must reasonably arise from our food. In concluding, Dr. Wilson says: "The result so far has been to strengthen the hands of those who have argued for the sterilization of all milk supplies and for the elimination of cows infected with tuberculosis from dairy herds." Though these steps may not stamp out tuberculosis, they will remove some of the causes for this most dreadful of all human diseases, and no trouble can be too great where human life is involved to such an enormous extent as in deaths from the white plague.

On Camping Out.

With the growth of city population there has come the need and the development of visits to the country that were not, not by anything like so large a percentage of our people a generation or two ago. Nor are the holiday seekers content to dress up and sit on hotel porches, as is shown by the enormous growth of those who camp out on the seashore or in the mountains. Camping out is not a fad. It is a natural response to the desire of those camped out in cities to go back to the primal life of the race. If you wish to see a happy camper or banker's clerk you are more likely to find him in a bathing suit playing with sand on the seashore or in a blue flannel shirt making a camp fire in the mountains than in some steam yacht or automobile. The great circulation and popularity of Stewart Edward White's books on the forest, on camping out and on the mountains, are a response to a natural appeal of the heart of man, desiring to get back to the real out-of-doors. No city man can thoroughly understand or appreciate the city until he has been in the real country—not the country of hotels and card parties and dances—but the country of great woods, silent lakes, leaping streams and vast reaches of meadows, upland and forests that are silent save for the wandering wind and untrod by human feet. If a man would know his real self and find his real place in the world of nature, let him take his knapsack and go out for a week and live in the woods. He will come home hungry, perhaps, with blisters on his feet, but with the reservoir of his being, both moral and physical, filled to overflowing with life drawn direct from the heart of nature.

Cuiper is to have an old home week celebration at Little Fork on August 17th-21st, 1904. The object, as stated in a circular recently sent out, is to bring together as many as possible of the former residents of that neighborhood who are now living elsewhere, and we have no doubt that it will be an occasion of great interest. This custom has long been in vogue in New England, and we have time and again urged upon the people of Virginia to adopt it. Few States in the Union in proportion to population have as many sons and daughters living outside the borders as the State of Virginia, and it would be a fine thing to issue each year an invitation to the absent ones to come back and meet their relatives and friends. There is a practical side also. Such occasions would doubtless be the means of bringing back permanently to the mother State desirable children who have wandered away. We are glad that Cuiper has taken the initiative, and we hope that other counties will follow the example. If the old home week shall prove to be successful in the country, it may be that Richmond will by and by invite her absent sons and daughters to come home and make merry.

Up to the hour of going to press there has been accumulative evidence that the Democrats assembled in St. Louis are determined to be wise this time. And now pretty soon the original rarer men will be creeping out of hiding and he will be too numerous to mention in a single column.

Some of the stoutest strands in the Cleveland tow line seems to have become a little frazzled yesterday at St. Louis.

Pennsylvania has a big vote in the convention, but it does not help a Democratic ticket much on election day.

It would seem that the Honorable David Bennett Hill also went to St. Louis with a tow line in his grip.

The rains are doing what the Russians could not do, holding the fast marching and fast fighting Japs back.

Charlotte was pulled through a prohibition election yesterday and the most of the town is still there.

It is probable that all Mr. Cleveland wanted was some convincing evidence that he is still in evidence.

The small boy has had his Fourth of July right, but he will not retire until school takes in.

According to the telegraphic reports, the "spell-binder" has gotten loose in North Carolina.

It looks like Parker. That is good enough, if the platform shall be as good as Parker.

Fourth of July needs to be reformed. The fatalities are becoming too great.

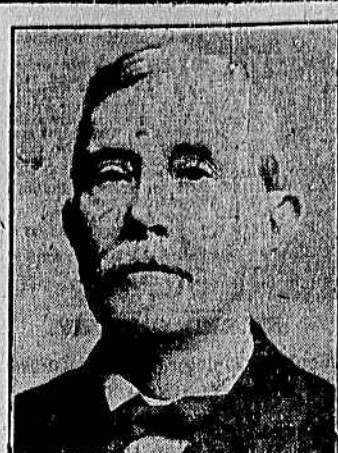
Sagamore Hill is in no way related to David Bennett Hill.

MAKERS OF RICHMOND

Brief Sketches of Men Who Have Helped to Make the City.

Sketch No. 6—Series Began June 28, 1904.

Major Clay Drewry, senior member and president of the Drewry-Hughes Company, is one of the landmarks in the business world of Richmond. He spent more than fifty years of his long and honorable career of three score and ten in the dry goods jobbing business, and is still an active and progressive factor in that branch of commercial life. He entered the business in February, 1851, at the age of seventeen, and a clerk and five years later was admitted to partnership. He has conducted this business successfully ever since except the four years which he gave to active and efficient service in the Confederate States army. He was a brave and devoted soldier, and he has been a progressive and enterprising business man. He was for two years first lieutenant and then captain of Company B, Forty-first Virginia Regiment, Mahone's Brigade, and was later appointed quartermaster of General Robert Ransom's division. He was seriously wounded at Malvern Hill and slightly so at the second battle of Manassas.



Major Drewry has always taken a deep interest and active part in every movement intended to advance the welfare of Richmond. As a member of the Chamber of Commerce he served for four years on the Committee of Arbitration and his service in the Board of Aldermen from July, 1888, to July, 1891, was marked by clear and judicious attention to his duties. Though not in the popular sense a politician, Major Drewry has always taken a deep interest in political as well as other public affairs. He was for several years a member of

the City Democratic Committee, in which his fine judgment was highly valued, and when the Good Government League was organized he was made chairman of the Monroe Ward Committee. His duties in politics as well as in other relations of life were most faithfully discharged. Few men in Richmond are so widely known or held in such esteem as Major Drewry.

ATHLETIC CLUB HEAVILY FINED

Man Traveling From Florida to New York in Sixteen Foot Boat.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) NEWPORT NEWS, VA., July 5.—The Virginia Athletic Club was today fined \$500 on the charge of selling liquor without a license. The club failed to secure a license at the beginning of the new fiscal year, but the evidence of the sale of liquor was so convincing that the jury brought in a verdict of guilty and imposed the heavy fine.

A man named Gary, formerly a hotel clerk at Miami, Fla., put into Old Point Comfort to-day for supplies. He is traveling from Miami to New York in a sixteen-foot boat.

MAJ. ANDERSON RESTING.

Attorney-General Spending Well Earned Vacation at Home. Major William A. Anderson, Attorney-General of Virginia, is enjoying a stay at his old home in Lexington, where he manages to put in considerable time of work also. His assistant, Mr. John S. Eggleston, is in charge of the office during his absence. Major Anderson's announcement of his determination to stand for reelection to the attorney-generalship has been received with pleasure by the friends of the law in this city, and it is predicted that he will be nominated next year over any competitor.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. J. D. Macdonald. Mrs. Minnie Seligman Macdonald, wife of Mr. J. D. Macdonald, died early yesterday morning at the residence of her husband, No. 18 West Grace Street.

Personal and General. Captain Charles Hunt, of El Paso, Texas, has just closed a deal involving the shipment of 100,000 head of sheep to South Africa.

A Few Foreign Facts. During the last three years Germany imported from Russia 112,516 horses, valued at over \$10,000,000. Russia has now prohibited this exportation.

There are no tramps in Germany. Vagrants are arrested and sent to such homes where they are given regular employment as soon as possible.

The Canadian Minister for the Interior issues a fresh warning against emigration to the Dominion at the present time by persons who are not willing to engage in farming or farm labor.

A Card.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch: Sir,—Please allow me space in your paper to correct a false impression propagated by my own contribution to the Times-Dispatch of June 24th on the subject of "Education and Politics." Seeing that the article contained a number of inaccuracies on the character and public services of Dr. Southall, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and that this fact has often been called to my attention, I feel constrained to write this explanation in justice to Dr. Southall, and to say that in writing the article I had no reference whatever to him.

Richmond, Va., July 5, 1904.

Only a Practice Game.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch: Sir,—In Sunday's issue of The Times-Dispatch the Hobo baseball team reported their game of Saturday as having been played by the team known as the "Hobos." I wish to say that this is an error, as the team that played the Hobos on Saturday was only a practice team, and the fact was played merely a practice game.

I write the above, as I think it would be an injustice to the Little Macdonalds to let it be known that they were beaten by the Hobo team with a score of 14 to 0.

F. C. ELLIOTT.

A PURIFYING POWER.

Inherent Qualities of Hancock's Liquid Sulphur Make It a Household Aid. This preparation is Nature's greatest remedy. Thus its use upon the face produces that most highly valued result—a clear, beautiful complexion.

Added to the bath, Hancock's Liquid Sulphur cures diseases of the skin and confers the benefit of lasting health. These ailments and many more are conquered by the use, according to directions, of Hancock's Liquid Sulphur, a new, rich, pure, and healthy.

At principal druggists. Send for booklet to Hancock Liquid Sulphur Co., Baltimore, Md.

WIKART-MCKENNY—Married, on the 4th of July, at the residence of the bride, 1402 Taylor Street, by Rev. C. J. Schuchman, Mr. JOHN WIKART and Miss LILLIE M. MCKENNY, both of Richmond.

THE CHARM IS BROKEN

New York Lost Yesterday to the Tail-Enders.

IT WAS A SLUGGING MATCH

Cleveland Defeats St. Louis by Big Score—Boston American Wins Again.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Scores Yesterday. Cincinnati (N.Y. Louis)—rain. Pittsburgh—Chicago—rain. Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 4. Philadelphia, 6; New York, 5.

Where They Play To-day.

New York at Philadelphia. Cincinnati at St. Louis. Brooklyn at Boston.

Standing of the Clubs.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	48	17	.738
Pittsburgh	33	23	.591
St. Louis	31	25	.557
Cincinnati	36	31	.534
Chicago	37	25	.597
Brooklyn	27	42	.391
Boston	41	41	.500
Philadelphia	25	45	.357

Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 3. BOSTON, MASS., July 5.—Before today's game was called, an incident occurred on account of rain it had grown too dark to handle the ball properly, and Brooklyn gave a ridiculous exhibition of fielding. Score: R. H. E. Boston..... 10 10 23 7 14 2 Brooklyn..... 0 0 0 0 3 5 5 Attendance, 1,580.

Philadelphia, 6; New York, 5. PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 5.—In a ten-inning game the locals today interrupted New York's succession of victories. Score: R. H. E. New York..... 0 11 10 10 10 5 12 1 Philadelphia..... 0 0 0 0 3 10 1 1 Batteries: McGinnity, Taylor, Ward and Storey; Davidson, Fraser, Rohlf and Doolin. Time, 1:50. Umpire, Johnstone and Carpenter. Attendance, 1,038.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Scores Yesterday. Boston, 6; Washington, 2. Cleveland, 14; St. Louis, 4. New York, 6; Philadelphia, 3.

Where They Play To-day.

Boston at Washington. Philadelphia at New York. St. Louis at Cleveland.

Standing of the Clubs.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	44	21	.677
New York	39	23	.625
Chicago	37	23	.616
Cleveland	36	26	.577
Philadelphia	29	29	.500
Detroit	23	34	.403
St. Louis	27	33	.450
Washington	11	61	.151

Boston, 6; Washington, 2. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.—Boston bunched their hits in one inning to-day off Townsend and defeated Washington, 6 to 2. Score: R. H. E. Washington..... 0 0 11 0 0 0 2 8 2 Boston..... 10 0 10 0 0 1 6 5 0 Batteries: Townsend and Clarke; Winter and Phipps. Time, 1:35. Umpire, Dwyer. Attendance, 570.

Cleveland, 14; St. Louis, 4. CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 5.—Cleveland won another slugging match to-day by a score of 14 to 4. Cleveland having fifteen hits for a total of thirty-two bases off St. Louis. Score: R. H. E. Cleveland..... 5 20 0 0 9 5 1 14 19 2 St. Louis..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 15 2 Batteries: Bernhard and Buehler; Cleveland, 14; St. Louis, 4. Umpire, Connelley. Attendance, 1,535.

New York, 6; Philadelphia, 3.

NEW YORK, July 5.—New York won the third game of the series from Philadelphia because of the bad fielding of the visitors. Score: R. H. E. New York..... 0 10 10 3 10 2 5 16 2 Philadelphia..... 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 3 4 4 Batteries: Powell and Killebrew; Bender and Powers. Time, 1:45. Umpire, Sheridan. Attendance, 3,000.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Scores Yesterday. At Atlanta—Atlanta, 7; Montgomery, 4. At Little Rock—Little Rock, 3; Shreveport, 2. Birmingham—Nashville, 2; Birmingham, 0.

At New Orleans—New Orleans—Memphis, postponed, rain.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

Scores Yesterday. At Charleston—Charleston, 1; Macon, 0. Savannah—Savannah, 7; Jacksonville, 1.

Stanton, 4; Ashland, 1.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) STANTON, VA., July 5.—One of the best and closest games of the season was played between the Stanton and Ashland baseball teams. The game was exciting from start to finish. This was the second of a series of three games, and Stanton has won two.

Fourth game—Stanton-Spencer and Lambert; Ashland—Travolta and Cross. Walker, Stanton home on third, played a fine game for the visitors, played a good game. Travolta, for the home, played a superb game. Blahler will play for Stanton to-morrow, and Leake for Ashland.

ORT WELLS WINNER.

Captures Rich Lawrence Stakes. A New Record.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, July 5.—The winner of the Belmont Handicap, to-day at Sheepshead Bay, added another to his list of victories by capturing the rich Lawrence Stakes worth \$20,000. He was quoted at the prohibitive price of 3 to 1, and won handsily by one length.

Fourth race—second, half of the double event of \$10,000 by a length and a half from the favorite, Blahly. Minola, in winning the second race, established a new world's record for 1-1/2 furlongs by covering the distance in 1:13.2-5. The best previous time record was 1:13.5-5, held jointly by Jane Holly and Ancestor.

John A. Drake to-day bought Blahly for \$10,000. J. E. Madden \$12,000 for his half interest. Summary: First race—second, five and a half furlongs on main track—Minola (4 to 1) first, Ancestor (7 to 1) second, Robinson (8 to 1) third. Time, 1:13.2-5. Second race—double event of \$10,000, last six furlongs of Futurity course—Jerry C. (15 to 1) first, Tramont (7 to 1) second, Gray Lad (12 to 1) third. Time, 1:27. Third race—handicap, six and a half furlongs on main track—Minola (4 to 1) first, Ancestor (7 to 1) second, Robinson (8 to 1) third. Time, 1:13.2-5. Fourth race—double event of \$10,000, last six furlongs of Futurity course—Jerry C. (15 to 1) first, Tramont (7 to 1) second, Gray Lad (12 to 1) third. Time, 1:27. Fifth race—selling, one mile and a furlong

GET IT AT

MURPHY'S HOTEL, RUEGER'S RESTAURANT, DELARUE'S, COMMERCIAL HOTEL, HOTEL LAWRENCE, E. A. STUMPF.

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R. L. CHRISTIAN & CO. DISTRIBUTORS.

JULY 6TH IN WORLD'S HISTORY.

63 B. C. The Roman capitol fired during the night by an incendiary and consumed. The famous "Sibylline verses" perished with it.

1303. Benedict XI. (Nicholas Bacois), Pope, died. He was the son of a shepherd and succeeded Boniface VIII.

1483. Richard III. with his consort Anne Beauchamp, widow of Edward Prince of Wales, inaugurated at Westminster.

1630. A fleet of 14 sail, with men, women and children, and provisions, intended to make a firm settlement in New England, arrived in Massachusetts Bay. There were on board about 1,500 passengers of various occupations, principally from the vicinity of London, among whom was Governor Winthrop and his Lieutenant Dudley, with several other gentlemen of wealth and quality. The expense of this equipment and transportation was 21,200 pounds.

1653. Cromwell's first parliament met.

1660. Charles II. of England, resumed touching for scrofula, placing his hands on the neck of the patient, the chaplain saying: "He laid his hands on them and healed them."

1775. Congress issued a manifesto, setting forth the causes and necessity of taking up arms in defence of their rights against England.

1777. Ticonderoga and Mount Independence evacuated by the American General St. Clair, who retreated to Fort Edward. At the same time the Americans at Skenesborough were obliged to burn their vessels and retreat to the same place. The British under Burgoyne had advanced their works so far as to threaten a complete inclosure of the Continental army.

1781. Battle of James River; General Wayne with 800 men, intending to strike Cornwallis' rear guard, was deceived by a countryman and met the whole army of 4,000 regulars, drawn up to receive him. He instantly attacked them and retreated. Cornwallis, from the daring singularity of the manoeuvre, concluded it to be a feint to draw him into an ambuscade, therefore, did not pursue him. Wayne, however, lost his artillery.

1809. Battle of Vagram, between the French army of 180,000 under Napoleon and the Austrians under the Archduke Charles, of about half the force. The battle commenced on the 5th and was decided on the 6th. The Austrians were compelled to retreat, after having taken 7,000 prisoners and 12 eagles and retired fighting three days in succession, leaving the field of battle covered with their slain. It is stated that 27,000 fell on both sides. The French reckoned their loss 15,000 killed, about 4,000 wounded. Of the Austrians 12,000 were wounded, and 20,000 taken prisoners; 19 generals were killed or taken and 40 cannon lost.

1823. Pius VII. (Gregory Barnabas Chiaramonti), Pope, died. He was a prisoner under Napoleon from 1808 to 1814, during which time he rejected with firmness the offers of the Emperor.

1835. John Marshall, chief justice of the United States, died, aged eighty.

1892. Homestead (Pa.) strike.

1893. De Maupassant died.

—Boltard (7 to 1) first, Possession (6 to 1) second, Minnie (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:32.5-5. Sixth race—handicap, one mile and a half, on turf—Rose (12 to 1) first, New York (6 to 1) second, Silches (9 to 1) third. Time, 1:47.

The Hawthorne Running.

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, July 5.—Results at Hawthorne: First race—six furlongs—Dragon (15 to 1) first, Grand New (12 to 1) second, Freesia (15 to 1) third. Time, 1:16. Second race—steep-chase, short course—Crown (10 to 1) first, Handicapper (10 to 1) second, Schwarzwald (5 to 1) third. Time, 2:47.5-5.

Third race—mile and seventy yards—Birchbroom (5 to 1) first, Crestfallen (11 to 1) second, Summer II. (15 to 1) third. Time, 1:48. Fourth race—six furlongs—Flying Ship (9 to 1) first, Grand New (12 to 1) second, Skully (10 to 1) third. Time, 1:13.5-5. Fifth race—mile and seventy yards—Celebration (15 to 1) first, Don't Ask Me (12 to 1) second, Handley Cross (7 to 1) third. Time, 1:46.5-5. Sixth race—five and a half furlongs—Ivan the Terrible (10 to 1) first, Florentine (2 to 1) second, La Londe (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:38.1-5.

Action of the Sixth Mt. Zion Baptist Church June 6, 1904—Substitute—That Rev. W. W. Wines do publish in the daily papers that he did falsely accuse our pastor, Rev. R. V. Peyton, of preaching false doctrine, and he, Rev. W. W. Wines, admitted the same before the church.

TO NIAGARA FALLS VIA POPULAR YORK RIVER LINE AND BALTIMORE.

The Southern Railway has announced on July 14th, August 4th and 18th, September 1st and 15th, and October 6th, they will sell the popular ten days' excursion tickets to Niagara Falls. Rates from Richmond 48 round trip. For detailed information call on City Ticket Agents, 815 and 820 East Main Street, or C. W. WESTBURY, D. P. A.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought. SUNDAY EXCURSIONS VIA ATLANTIC COAST LINE. PETERSBURG. ROUND THE TRIP. Good going and returning on regular trains. Commencing Sunday, May 15th, 1904.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought. Cards have been issued for the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Pritchard.